

Administrative Reform (after War) 1763

I. Stages of Revamping - began during the war - Wm Pitt. tried to en

A. Wartime Changes to Enforce Already Existing Laws (Pitt)

1. Navy detailed to enforce custom & prevent smuggling
2. Amherst and illegal trade - Amherst told to sweep out illegal trades -
3. Absentee customs officers - ordered to ports
4. Orders to governors - To support custom laws
5. 1764 Revenue (Sugar) Act - revenue collector of admin. - secure taps for trading with France.

B. Administrative Regulations

1. All vessels need cargo lists (cockets) enumerates cargoes.
2. Bonds needed for enumerated goods - to prevent foreign trade.
3. All customs trials to be held in admiralty courts - incorrect cost of goods - sued by shippers.
4. Customs officers freed from retaliatory suits
5. Vice Admiralty jurisdiction established in Halifax - nova scotia good pd.

C. Currency Act of 1764

D. Regulations Accompanying the Townshend Duties

1. Establishment of 4 districts
2. Secretary of State for The Colonies-1768

II. Impact of Changes

- A. Economic
- B. Political

begans to enforce laws on books

Colonial had a fair amount of money they spent on bonds.

cost of suing rose too far to go to sue. shifted burden of proof on the customer.

The American Cause in England

I. Positions Taken on America by English

A. Far Left

1. Radical Program
2. John Wilkes, North Briton Number 45--seditious libel
3. Impact of link between Radicals and Colonists

B. Far Right

1. Oppose division of sovereignty
2. Stress idea of virtual representation
3. Stress Parliament as highest constitutional authority

C. In-Betweens

1. Rockingham Whigs--Edmund Burke
  - a. indivisible sovereignty but political error of measures
  - b. oppose American representation in Parliament
  - c. oppose dominion status--home rule
  - d. American perceptions of this support
2. Chatham (Pitt)
  - a. his public feelings
  - b. his private feelings

D. Benjamin Franklin's perception